

UNIVERSAL NETWORK SYSTEMS (PRIVATE) LIMITED

> FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

> > Private & Confidential

UNIVERSAL NETWORK SYSTEMS (PRIVATE) LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020



Crowe Hussain Chaudhury & Co.

Chartered Accountants Member Crowe Global

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Other Offices in Lahore & Islamabad

Independent Auditor's Report
To the members of Universal Network Systems (Private) Limited
Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of the **Universal Network Systems (Private) Limited** which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020 and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the period ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the profit and loss statement, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at December 31, 2020 and of its profit and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the period ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan / Institute of Cost and management Accountants (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

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Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) no zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Imran Shaikh.

Crowe Hussain Chaudhury & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Karachi

Date:

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UNIVERSAL NETWORK SYSTEMS (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2020

		December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
	Note	(Rupee	es)
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	118,503,733	71,033,283
Intangible assets	5	14,450,000	15,300,000
Long term security deposits	6	10,455,378	10,304,678
		143,409,111	96,637,961
Current assets			
Trade debtors - unsecured and considered good	-	335,426,331	281,228,859
Short term loans and advances	7	17,438,954	16,224,174
Short term deposits, prepayments and advance income tax Tax refund due from Government	8	27,978,393	31,509,471
Cash and bank balances	9	21,979,070 8,165,065	18,238,679 9,919,174
Casil and bank balances	9	410,987,813	357,120,357
		554,396,923	453,758,318
		334,330,323	133,730,310
Share capital and Reserves Authorized			
5,000,000 (June 30, 2020: 100,000) ordinary shares of			
Rs.100/- each		500,000,000	10,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up			
57,143 (June 30, 2020: 57,143) ordinary shares of Rs. 100/-	each		
fully paid in cash		5,714,300	5,714,300
Share Premium		43,286,075	43,286,075
Revaluation surplus on property, plant & equipment		31,971,445	20 200 442
Unappropriated profit		47,147,070	29,300,412 78,300,787
		128,118,890	70,300,707
Non-current liabilities			
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	10	3,278,830	3,958,516
Deferred taxation	11	18,784,546	6,986,598
		22,063,376	10,945,114
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	12	170,528,695	170,885,746
Due to related parties	13	103,328,612	96,967,176
Accrued mark-up		231,532	382,093
Short term borrowings	14	123,913,038	86,404,855
Current portion of finance lease	10	1,321,090	1,246,684
Provision for taxation		4,891,691	8,625,863
		404,214,657	364,512,417
Contingencies and Commitments	15	Lawrence of the second	-
		554,396,923	453,758,318

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements. $\mathcal{C}_{\mathcal{U}}$

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

DIRECTOR _

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UNIVERSAL NETWORK SYSTEMS (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
	Note	(Rupe	es)
International freight	16	1,904,072	1,031,515
Courier service income	17	57,224,231	63,645,638
Commission income	18	706,563	730,442
		59,834,866	65,407,595
General and administrative expenses	19	(48,648,484)	(40,568,388)
Selling expenses	20	(1,527,101)	(1,354,786)
Finance costs	21	(5,216,049)	(4,961,172)
		(55,391,634)	(46,884,346)
Operating Profit		4,443,232	18,523,249
Other income	22	14,012,674	4,134,373
Other charges	23	(1,588,007)	-
Profit before tax		16,867,899	22,657,622
Taxation	24	978,759	(4,927,731)
Profit after tax		17,846,658	17,729,891
Other comprehensive income		31,971,445	
Total comprehensive income for the year		49,818,103	17,729,891

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements. $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$

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CHIEF EXECUTIVE

DIRECTOR

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UNIVERSAL NETWORK SYSTEMS (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

December 31, December 2020 31, 2019 -----(Rupees)-----Profit after taxation 17,846,658 17,729,891 Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent period: Surplus on revaluation of property, plant & equipment 45,030,204 (13,058,759) Deferred tax on property, plant and equipment 31,971,445 Total comprehensive income for the year 49,818,103 17,729,891 The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

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CHIEF

DIRECTOR

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UNIVERSAL NETWORK SYSTEMS (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	December 31,2020	December 31,2019
CACH FLOW FROM ORFRATTNIC ACTIVITIES	(Rupe	25)
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before tax	16,867,899	5,931,465
Adjustment for: Depreciation Amortization of Intangibles Finance costs (Gain)/loss on sale of property and equipment Operating profit before working capital changes	5,866,490 850,000 5,216,049 (2,408,586) 26,391,852	5,306,273 850,000 5,369,186 (581,972) 16,874,952
(Increase)/ decrease in current assets		
Trade debtors - unsecured and considered good Short term loans and advances Short term deposits and prepayments	(54,197,472) (1,214,780) (614,075) (56,026,327) (29,634,475)	(20,938,140) (427,730) 348,529 (21,017,342) (4,142,389)
Increase/ (decrease) in current liabilities	(25,034,473)	(4,142,303)
Trade and other payables Due to related parties	(357,051) 6,361,436	7,127,814 1,023,599
Cash (outflow)/inflow from operations	<u>6,004,385</u> (23,630,090)	8,151,412 4,009,023
Income tax paid Finance cost paid Net cash (outflow) from operating activities (A)	(3,611,461) (5,366,610) (32,608,161)	(3,878,284) (5,218,087) (5,087,347)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of property and equipment Purchase of Intangibles Sale proceeds from property and equipment	(10,948,200) - 5,050,000	(8,315,471) (8,500,000) 1,223,350
Long term security deposits Net cash (outflow) from investing activities (B)	<u>(150,655)</u> (6,048,855)	(925,269) (16,517,390)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(0,040,033)	(10,317,390)
Obligation under finance lease	(605,277)	2,301,537
Net cash (outflow) / inflow from financing activities (C)	(605,277)	2,301,537
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	(39,262,293) (76,485,681) (115,747,973)	(19,303,200) (18,939,640) (38,242,840)
Cash and bank balances Short term borrowings	8,165,065 (123,913,038) (115,747,973)	4,959,587 (43,202,427) (38,242,840)
The approved notes form an integral part of these financial statement		

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

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DIRECTOR

UNIVERSAL NETWORK SYSTEMS (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	Share	Unappropriated profit	Surplus on revaluation of property, plant & equipment	Total
			(Rupees)		
Balance as at June 30, 2019	5,714,300	43,286,075	27,292,944		76,293,319
Total comprehensive income for the year			2,007,468		2,007,468
Balance as at June 30, 2020	5,714,300	43,286,075	29,300,412		78,300,787
Profit after tax for the period ended December 31, 2020			17,846,658		17,846,658
Other comprehensive income for the period					
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant & equipment - net of deferred tax				31,971,445	31,971,445
Balance as at December 31, 2020	5,714,300	43,286,075	47,147,070	31,971,445	128,118,890

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

EXECUTIVE

DIRECTOR / LANGOND

UNIVERSAL NETWORK SYSTEMS (PRIVATE) LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Universal Network System (Private) Limited (The 'Company') is a private limited company incorporated in Pakistan on December 12, 2005 under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (Repealed with the enactment of the Companies Act, 2017).

The principal activity of the Company is to act as a cargo forwarder and carried on courier and allied services. The registered office of the Company is situated at Bungalow No. 5, Bangalore Town, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karach, Pakistan, 74550.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

-Revised Accounting and Financial Reporting Standard for the Small-Sized Entities (Revised AFRS for SSEs) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and

Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as disclosed in the accounting policies herein below.

2.3 Presentation and functional currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupee (Rs. / Rupees) which is the Company's functional currency. Amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest of Rs. / Rupees, unless otherwise stated.

2.4 Key judgments and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. In addition, it requires management to exercise judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a high degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are documented in the following accounting policies and notes, and relate primarily to:

-Useful lives, residual values and depreciation method of property and equipment (Refer note 3.1 and 4)

-Current income tax expense and recognition of deferred tax liability (Refer note 3.6)

The revisions to accounting estimates (if any) are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

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3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Property and Equipment

Operating Fixed Assets - tangible

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Depreciation is charged to income applying the straight line method at the rates specified in the relevant note. Depreciation on additions is charged from the date at which asset is available for use and on disposals up to the date of disposal. Depreciation is charged to profit and loss account applying reducing balance method at the rate mentioned in relevant note.

Normal repairs & maintenance are charged to income as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements if any are capitalised when it is probable that respective future economic benefits will flow to the Company.

An item of fixed assets is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount of relevant assets. These are included in the profit and loss account.

Leases that transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset is classified as finance lease. Assets held under finance lease are stated at the lower of present value of minimum lease payments under the lease agreement and the fair value of assets acquired on lease. The aggregate amount of obligations relating to assets subject to finance lease is accounted for at the net present value of liabilities. Value of leased assets is depreciated over the useful lives of the assets using the same rates applicable to owned assets. Depreciation of leased assets is charged to income. The related obligations of leased assets are accounted for as liabilities.

The finance cost under lease agreements are allocated to the periods during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of finance cost on the remaining balance of principal liability for each period.

The carrying amount of the Company's assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to identify circumstances indicating concurrence of impairment loss or reversal of previous impairment losses. If any such indications exist, the recoverable amounts of such assets are estimated and impairment losses or reversal of impairment losses are recognized in the profit and loss account .Reversal of impairment loss is restricted to the original cost of the asset.

3.2 Intangible Assets

The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life is reviewed at least at each financial year end. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortization period or method, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

3.3 Trade debts

Trade debts are carried at original invoice amount less provision for impairment. Known bad debts are written off, while provisions are made against debts considered doubtful based on review of outstanding amount at the end of the year.

3.4 Cash & cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and with bank.

3.4 Accrued and other liabilities

Accrued and other liabilities are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to Company.

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3.5 Provisions

A provision is recognized in the balance sheet when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provision are reviewed at each balance sheet and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

3.6 Taxation

-Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxation after considering tax credits and rebates, if any.

-Deferred

-Deferred tax is recognized using the balance sheet liability method, providing for all temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

-A deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

3.7 Revenue Recognition:

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable in the normal course of business.

- i Courier, cargo and allied services are recorded as and when the invoices are raised.
- ii Commission income is recognized on accrual basis.
- iii Return on bank deposits is recognized on receipt basis.

3.8 Related party transactions

Related parties comprises of major shareholders, associated companies with or without common directorship, other companies with common directorship, directors of the Company, key management personnel and their close family members. The Company continues to have a policy whereby transactions with related parties are entered into at commercial terms, approved policy and at rate agreed under a contract/arrangement/agreement.

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company. The Company considers its Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and departmental heads to be its key

3.9 Finance Lease

The Company accounts for assets acquired under finance lease by recording the assets and related liability at present value of the minimum lease payment. Finance charges are allocated to accounting period in a manner so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge on the outstanding liability.

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4 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

			Owned			Leased	
Description	Leasehold improvement	Furniture, fixtures and fittings	Office and electrical equipment	Computers and accessories	Vehicles	Vehicles	Total
Cost Balance as at July 01, 2019 Additions	27,739,270 606,793	9,909,614 521,080	18,421,751 2,329,194	15,821,309	31,013,137 3,196,000 (3,047,650)	1,567,999	104,473,081 16,630,941 (3,116,942)
Written off Transfers		(analos)			1,568,000	(1,568,000)	
Balance as at June 30, 2020	28,346,063	10,405,694	20,706,653	19,242,683	32,729,487	6,556,499	117,987,080
Balance as at July 01, 2020 Additions	28,346,063 634,332	10,405,694	20,706,653	19,242,683 758,760	32,729,487 5,930,000	6,556,499	117,987,080 10,948,200 (5.287,400)
Disposals Revaluation Surplus	9,955,647	4,203,153	7,242,389	3,348,469	20,280,546		45,030,204
Revaluation Adjustment Balance as at December 31, 2020	38,936,042	16,385,641	29,797,356	23,349,912	53,652,633	6,556,499	168,678,084
Depreciation Balance as at July 01, 2019 Charge for the year On disposals	6,676,778 2,150,315	2,281,789 1,170,361 (6,324)	7,158,111 1,969,562 (17,260)	10,396,116 2,066,475	11,100,033 3,105,062 (1,810,601) 713,381	562,566 150,815 (713,381)	38,175,392 10,612,590 (1,834,185)
Balance as at June 30, 2020	8,827,093	3,445,826	9,110,413	12,462,591	13,107,875		46,953,797
Balance as at July 01, 2020 Charge for the year On disposals	8,827,093 1,007,678	3,445,826 653,683	9,110,413 977,048	12,462,591 1,099,491	13,107,875 1,636,902 (2,645,986)	491,738	46,953,797 5,866,540 (2,645,986)
Transfers Balance as at December 31, 2020	9,834,771	4,099,509	10,087,461	13,562,082	12,098,791	491,738	50,174,351
CARRYING AMOUNT - December 31.2020	29.101.271	12,286,133	19,709,895	9,787,830	41,553,842	6,064,761	118,503,733
CARRYING AMOUNT - June 2020	19,518,970		11,596,240	6,780,092	19,621,612	6,556,449	71,033,283
DATE OF DEPRECIATION (%)	10%	15%	15%	30%	15%	15%	

		Note	December 31, 2020 (Rupee	June 30, 2020
		Note	(Rupee	5)
5	INTANGIBLE ASSETS			
	Cost			
	Balance as at July 01,		17,000,000	
	Additions			17,000,000
	Less: Amortization		17,000,000	17,000,000
	Less. Amortization			
	Balance as at July 01,		1,700,000	-
	Charge for the year		850,000	1,700,000
			2,550,000	1,700,000
	Carrying amount		14,450,000	15,300,000
	Rate of amortization		10%	10%
6	LONG TERM DEPOSITS			
	Security deposit against			
	- Utilities		115,500	115,500
	- Rent		9,835,678	9,689,178
	- Leased vehicles		-	-
	- Others		504,200	500,000
			10,455,378	10,304,678
7	SHORT TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES			
	Employees	6.1	3,994,495	2,892,038
	Advance to related party		7,227,922	7,227,922
	Advance against services		6,216,537	6,104,214
			17,438,954	16,224,174
6.1	Loans given to employees are of personal na	ature and interest fr	ee.	
8	SHORT TERM DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENT ADVANCE INCOME TAX	'S AND		
	Bank guarantee margin		23,328,362	21,048,362
	Prepayments		1,038,570	1,278,552
	Advance tax			
	-Income tax		3,611,461	7,756,614
	-Sales tax		27,978,393	1,425,943 31,509,471
9	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	Cash in hand		3,016,603	2,616,561
	Cash at bank			
	- in current account		4,712,208	7,150,123
	- in saving account		436,254 8,165,065	9,919,174
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10 LIABILITIES AGAINST ASSETS SUBJECT TO FINANCE LEASE

	December 31, 2020		June 30, 2020	
		(Rupees)		
	Minimum lease payments	Present Value	Minimum lease payments	Present Value
Within one year After one year but not more than five years	1,787,916 3,668,430	1,246,684 3,958,516	1,787,915 4,562,389	1,246,684 3,958,516
Total minimum lease payments Less: Amount representing finance charges	5,456,346 (856,426)	5,205,200	6,350,304 (1,145,104)	5,205,200
Present value of minimum lease payments Less: Payable within one year - Present value	4,599,920 (1,321,090)	5,205,200 (1,321,090)	5,205,200 (1,246,684)	5,205,200 (1,246,684)
	3,278,830	3,884,110	3,958,516	3,958,516

The company has entered into a lease agreement with financial institutions for vehicles. Lease rentals are payable on monthly basis and include finance charges at the rate of 11.65% per annum (June 30,2020: 12.53% per annum), which has been used as a discounting factor. The company has the option to purchase the said vehicle upon completion of lease period and has the intention to exercise such option.

	intention to exercise such option.	Note	December 31, 2020 (Rupee	June 30, 2020 s)
11	DEFERRED TAXATION			
	Deferred liability	11.1	18,784,546	20,064,707
11.1	Deferred taxation			
	Taxable temporary differences Accelerated tax depreciation		20,118,523	21,498,740
	Deductible temporary differences Finance lease obligation		(1,333,977)	(1,434,033)
			18,784,546	20,064,707
12	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
	Creditors Accrued liabilities		131,325,271 33,512,436	131,798,894 31,931,000
	Advance from customers Income tax payable		1,915,638 845,985	1,933,297 858,243
	Sales tax payable Workers welfare fund		2,326,520 602,845 170,528,695	3,761,467 602,845 170,885,746
13	DUE TO RELATED PARTIES		270/020/050	270/003/710
	Companies - interest bearing - non - interest bearing	13.1		27,928,612 67,838,564
	Directors - non - interest bearing	13.2	103,328,612 103,328,612	1,200,000 96,967,176

- 13.1 This amount represent loan from due to related party. Interest is payable @16% (2019: 16%).
- 13.2 These loans are repayable on demand.

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			December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
14	SHORT TERM BORROWINGS	Note	(Rupee	s)
	Book overdraft Bank overdraft- secured	10.1 10.2	111,158,550 12,754,488 123,913,038	86,404,855 - 86,404,855

- 14.1 This represents temporary book overdraft. Subsequent to the balance sheet date deposits were made in this account to convert it into a favorable balance.
- 14.2 This represents bank overdraft facility of Rs 23.8 million (2019: Rs. 23.8 million) for financing working capital requirement. It carries markup @ 6 month kibor + 4% (2019: markup @ 6 month kibor + 4%) and is secured against 1st registered hypothecation charge over receivable of the company and personal guarantee of all the directors.

15 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

15.1 Contingencies

Guarantees on behalf of the company by a financial institution in favour of Department of Tourist Services, Government of Pakistan, aggregating to Rs. 400,000 (June 30, 2020: Rs. 400,000).

Corporate Guarantees given by the company in favour of Shaheen Air International and Air China, aggregating to Rs. 2.93 million (June 30, 2020: Rs. 5 million).

Corporate Guarantees given by the company in favour of Serene Air (Private) Limited aggregating to Rs. 20 million (June 30, 2020:Rs. 16.72 million)

Bank Guarantee given by the company in favour of Serene Air (Private) Limited aggregating to Rs. 20 million (June 30, 2020: Rs. 16.72 million)

15.2 Commitments

There were no commitments as at December 31, 2020 (June 30, 2020 : Nil).

		Note	December 31, 2020 (Rupe	December 31, 2019 es)
16	International Freight Gross Sale Freight Cost		280,824,254 (278,920,182) 1,904,072	243,389,540 (242,358,025) 1,031,515
17	Courier services income		2/20//01/2	2/02/02
	Gross Sale Courier Cost		471,843,144 (414,618,913) 57.224,231	436,831,987 (373,186,349) 63,645,638
18	Commision Income		706,563	730,442
19	GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
G	Directors remuneration Salaries, allowances and other benefits Rent, rates and taxes Insurance Repairs and maintenance Fuel Printing and stationery Postage and telegram Carry Forward		737,666 24,692,859 3,478,750 2,270,286 2,267,163 1,039,441 137,399 33,112 34,656,676	1,603,465 29,519,659 5,461,125 2,881,608 5,893,370 2,385,707 3,913,675 51,514 51,710,123

		December 31, 2020	December 31, 2020
	Prought Forward	(Rupee	
	Brought Forward	34,656,676	51,710,123
	Telephone, internet and mobile charges	378,430	1,194,153
	Electricity, gas and water charges Entertainment	978,883	7,331,995
	Fees and subscription	3,377,135	2,203,731
		540,629	1,042,943
	Books and periodicals	8,735	17,155
	Travelling and conveyance	395,220	1,537,404
	Auditors remuneration	237,550	237,550
	Vehicle and generator maintenance	238,325	4,675,965
	Security expense	522,500	844,732
	Depreciation	5,866,490	10,612,545
	Amortization	850,000	1,700,000
	Legal and professional	597,911	129,000
		48,648,484	83,237,296
20	SELLING EXPENSES	424.455	400 220
	Sales promotion	424,456	480,220
	Advertisement and publicity	1,102,645	2,321,541
		1,527,101	2,801,761
21	FINANCE COSTS		
	Mark up on finance lease	288,678	3,807
	Mark up on running finance	3,734,077	7,760,867
	Mark up on loan from directors	1,034,286	2,499,524
	Bank charges	159,008	474,174
		5,216,049	10,738,372
22	OTHER INCOME		
	- From non-financial assets		
	Handling charges on CBC	11,510,002	25,192,978
	Warehouse income	-	13,083,937
	Gain on sale of fixed assets	2,408,586	1,163,943
	- From financial assets	2022	
	Profit on debt	94,086	116,722
		14,012,674	39,557,580
23	OTHER CHARGES		
	Warehouse Loss	1,588,007	
		1,588,007	
24	Taxation		
	Current Tax	(4,891,691)	(4,312,931)
	Prior Year	4,609,640	(337,768)
	Deferred tax	1,260,810	(277,032)
		978,759	(4,927,731)
25	CASH AND CASH FOUTVALENTS		
25	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	Cash and bank balances	8,165,065	9,919,174
	Short term borrowings	(123,913,038)	(86,404,855)
1		(115,747,973)	(76,485,681)
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26 AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on Directors of the company.

GENERAL 27

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

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CHIEF EXECUTIVE